

Constitutional development QUESTIONS

1) Which of the following exercised the most profound influence in framing the Indian Constitution ?

- >British Constitution
- >US Constitution
- >Irish Constitution
- >The Government of India Act 1935

Answer:

- >The Government of India Act 1935
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2) The first attempt to introduce a representative and popular element in the governance of India was made through:

- >Indian Council Act 1861
- >Indian Council Act 1892
- >Indian Council Act 1909
- >Government of India Act 1919

Answer:

- >Indian Council Act 1861
-

3) Which of the following acts introduced communal electorate in India ?

- >Indian Council Act 1861
- >Indian Council Act 1892
- >Indian Council Act 1909
- >Government of India Act 1935

Answer:

- >Indian Council Act 1909
-

4) By virtue of which Act, dyarchy was introduced in India ?

- >Indian Council Act 1909
- >Government of India Act 1919
- >Government of India Act 1935
- >Indian Independence Act 1947

Answer:

>Government of India Act 1919

5) The instrument of instructions contained in the Government of India Act 1935 has been incorporated in the Constitution of India in the year 1950 as-

- >Fundamental Rights
- >Directive Principles of the State Policy
- >Fundamental Duties
- >Emergency Provision

Answer:

>Emergency Provision

6) The Government of India Act 1935 was based on:

- >the principle of federation and Parliamentary system
- >the principle of succession of the British Indian Provinces
- >acceptance of the idea of a constituent Assembly to draft a constitution
- >None of the above

Answer:

>the principle of federation and Parliamentary system

7) The monopoly of Indian trade of the East India Company was abolished by the :

- >Regulating Act 1773
- >Charter Act 1813
- >Charter Act 1833
- >Government of India Act 1858

Answer:

>Charter Act 1813

8) With reference to the colonial period of India the trade monopoly of the East India Company was ended by-

- >The Regulating Act of 1773
- >Pitt's India Act of 1784
- >The Charter Act of 1813
- >The Charter Act of 1833

Answer:

>The Charter Act of 1813

9) The first definite step to provide parliamentary control over East India Company was taken by:

- >The Regulating Act 1773
- >The Pitt's India Act 1784
- >The Charter Act of 1793
- >The Charter Act of 1813

Answer:

- >The Regulating Act 1773
-

10) The Montague-Chelmsford Report formed the basis of:

- >The Indian Council Act 1909
- >The Government of India Act 1919
- >The Government of India Act 1935
- >The Indian Independence Act 1947

Answer:

- >The Government of India Act 1919
-

11) Through which one of the following were commercial activities of the East India Company finally put to an end ?

- >The Charter Act of 1793
- >The Charter Act of 1813
- >The Charter Act of 1833
- >The Charter Act of 1853

Answer:

- >The Charter Act of 1833
-

12) Which of the following vested the Secretary of State for India with Supreme Control over the Government of India ?

- >Pitt's India Act 1784
- >Government of India Act 1858
- >Indian Council Act 1861
- >Morley Minto Reforms, 1909

Answer:

- >Government of India Act 1858
-

13) Diarchy was first introduced under-

- >Morley-Minto reforms

- >Mont-Ford Reforms
- >Simon Commission Plan
- >Government of India Act 1935

Answer:

- >Mont-Ford Reforms
-
-

14) In the Federation under the Act of 1935 residuary powers were given to the:

- >Federal Legislature
- >Provincial Legislature
- >Governor General
- >Provincial Governor

Answer:

- >Governor General
-
-

15) The Indian Legislature was made bi-cameral for the first time by-

- >Indian Council Act of 1892
- >Indian Council Act of 1909
- >The Government of India Act of 1919
- >The Government of India Act of 1935

Answer:

- >The Government of India Act of 1919
-
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16) Which of the following is correct ?

- >The Nehru Report (1928) had Advocated the inclusion of Fundamental Rights in the Constitution of India
- >The Government of India Act 1935 referred to Fundamental Rights
- >The August Offer, 1940 included the Fundamental Rights
- >The Cripps Mission 1942 referred to Fundamental Rights

Answer:

- >The Nehru Report (1928) had Advocated the inclusion of Fundamental Rights in the Constitution of India
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17) Which of the following Acts was described by Jawahar Lal Nehru as Charter of Slavery ?

- >Regulating Act of 1773
- >Pitt's India Act of 1784
- >Government of India Act 1919
- >Government of India Act 1935

Answer:

>Government of India Act 1935

18) In which year did the Parliament adopt Indian Constitution ?

- >1947
- >1950
- >1948
- >1952

Answer:

>1950

19) Which Act introduced Dyarchy at the Centre ?

- >Indian Council Act 1909
- >Government of India Act 1919
- >Government of India Act 1935
- >The Indian Independence Act 1947

Answer:

>Government of India Act 1935

20) Which was not a member of Cabinet mission ?

- >Pathic Lawrance
- >Stafford Cripps
- >A.V.Alexander
- >John Simon

Answer:

>John Simon

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